



i-MODUL KECEMERLANGAN SPM SMKA DAN SABK 2023

## SIJIL PELAJARAN MALAYSIA 2023 (SET 2)

---

### MATEMATIK TAMBAHAN

#### Kertas 1

#### PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN

---

#### UNTUK KEGUNAAN PEMERIKSA SAHAJA

#### AMARAN

Peraturan pemarkahan ini SULIT dan **Hak Cipta Majlis Pengetua SMKA dan Majlis Pengetua SABK**. Kegunaan khusus untuk guru-guru tingkatan 5 di SMKA dan SABK sahaja. Peraturan ini tidak boleh dikeluarkan dalam apa juu bentuk media cetak.

**CADANGAN PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN (SKEMA)**  
**Kertas 1**

Soalan	Butiran	Markah
1	$(3x-2)(x+3) > 0$ kaedah graf, jadual atau garis nombor $x < -3 \quad x > \frac{2}{3}$	1 1 1
		<b>3 m</b>
2	$\frac{dy}{dt} = 1 - 8t \quad \text{atau} \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = 5$ $(1-8t) \times \frac{1}{5}$ $\left(1-8\left(\frac{x-4}{5}\right)\right) \times \frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{37-8x}{25}$	1 1 1 1
		<b>4 m</b>
3 (a)	$k = 1 - \left( \frac{16}{81} + \frac{16}{81} + \frac{7}{27} + \frac{1}{81} \right) = \frac{1}{3}$ ${}^4C_4 p^4 q^0 = \frac{1}{81}$ $p = \frac{1}{3}$	1 1 1
3 (b)	$\frac{1-0.7154}{2}$ $\frac{k-12.45}{5} = 1.07$ $k = 17.80$	1 1 1
		<b>6 m</b>
4	$xy = 4x^3 - b$ $a = 2$ $b = -4$	1 1 1
		<b>3 m</b>

Soalan	Butiran	Markah
5 (a)	$T_2 = a + d = 12$ atau $T_{10} = a + 9d = 52$	1
	$d = 5$	1
	$a = 7$	1
5 (b)	$\frac{2m+2}{m+2} = \frac{5m+4}{2m+4}$ $(m+2)(m-4) = 0$ $m = -2, m = 4$	1 1 1
		<b>6 m</b>
6 (a)	$\frac{4}{2}x^2 - 10x + c$ $4 = 2(8)^2 - 10(8) + c$	1 1
	$y = 2x^2 - 10x - 44$	1
6 (b)	$2\left(\frac{5}{1-x^2}\right) + 3x + c$	1
6(c)	$[2y]_3^k$ $[2k - 2(3)] - \frac{3}{2} = 4$ $k = \frac{23}{4}$	1 1 1
		<b>7 m</b>
7 (a)	$3^{3x} - 3^{3x} \cdot 3^{-1} = 54$ $3^{3x} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right) = 54$ $x = \frac{4}{3}$	1 1 1
7 (b)	$\frac{1}{2}(10 - 4\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3} - 6)$ $q = 2$	1 1
		<b>5 m</b>

<b>Soalan</b>	<b>Butiran</b>	<b>Markah</b>
<b>8(a)</b>	$a = 6$	1
<b>8 (b)</b>	$s(12) = \frac{2}{3}$	1
<b>8(c)</b>	$6\left(\frac{4}{k-6}\right) = -12$ $k = 4$	1 1
		<b>4 m</b>
<b>9 (a)</b>	$2(1 - \sin^2 2x) + 3 \sin 2x - 3 = 0$ $\sin 2x = 1$ atau $\sin 2x = \frac{1}{2}$ sudut rujukan, $\alpha=90^\circ$ atau $\alpha=30^\circ$ $x = 15^\circ, 45^\circ, 75^\circ, 195^\circ, 225^\circ, 255^\circ$	1 1 1 1
<b>9 (b)</b>	$\cos 2x = -\frac{12}{13}$ $-\frac{12}{13} = 2\cos^2 x - 1$ $\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{26}$	1 1 1
		<b>7 m</b>
<b>10 (a)(i)</b>	$\frac{1}{2}(25k^2)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ atau $\frac{1}{2}(9k^2)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ $\frac{1}{2}(25k^2)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(9k^2)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 24$ $k = 3$	1 1 1
<b>10 (b)</b>	$9\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + 15\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) + 12$ 20	1 1
		<b>5 m</b>

Soalan	Butiran	Markah
11(a)	$2P_2 \times 2 \times 3P_1 \times 4P_1$ atau $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4$ 48	1 1
11(b)	$\frac{5 \times 5!}{3!}$ 100  $100 - \frac{4!}{3!}$ 96	1 1 1 1
		<b>6 m</b>
12(a)	$\overrightarrow{ON} = \overrightarrow{OM} + \overrightarrow{MN}$ $2\underline{i} + 4\underline{j}$	1 1
12(b)	$(-4\underline{i} - \underline{j}) + (2\underline{i} + 4\underline{j})$ atau $(-2\underline{i} - 4\underline{j}) + (-8\underline{i} + 19\underline{j})$  $\overrightarrow{LN} = -2\underline{i} + 3\underline{j}$  $\overrightarrow{NP} = -10\underline{i} + 15\underline{j}$  $-2\underline{i} + 3\underline{j} = \lambda(-10\underline{i} + 15\underline{j})$  $-2 = -10\lambda$ $\overrightarrow{LN} = \frac{1}{5}\overrightarrow{NP}$ , L, N, P segaris	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		<b>8 m</b>
13 (a)	$\frac{3(3) + 2x}{2+3} = 5$ atau $\frac{4(3) + 2y}{2+3} = 0$ $x = 8$ atau $y = -6$ $Q(8, -6)$	1 1 1
	$\frac{1}{2} [ -4(4) + 3(-6) + 8(-3) ] - [ -3(3) + 4(8) + (-6)(-4) ]$ 52.5	1 1
13 (b)	$\sqrt{(x - (-4))^2 + (y - (-3))^2}$ atau $\sqrt{(x - 8)^2 + (y - (-6))^2}$ $\sqrt{(x - (-4))^2 + (y - (-3))^2} = 2\sqrt{(x - 8)^2 + (y - (-6))^2}$ $x^2 + y^2 - 24x + 14y + 125 = 0$	1 1 1
		<b>8 m</b>

Soalan	Butiran	Markah
14 (a)	$t = \frac{192}{x^2}$ $A = \pi x(2x) + 2\pi x \left( \frac{192}{x^2} \right) + \pi x^2$ $A = 3\pi x^2 + \frac{384\pi}{x}$	1 1
14 (b)	$\frac{dA}{dx} = 6\pi x - \frac{384\pi}{x^2}$ $6\pi x - \frac{384\pi}{x^2} = 0$ $x = 4$	1 1 1
14 (c)	$\frac{dA}{dx} = 6\pi(8) - \frac{384\pi}{8^2}$ $\frac{1}{42\pi} \times 84\pi$ $2 \text{ cms}^{-1}$	1 1 1
		<b>8 m</b>
15 (a)	$(\sqrt{x} - 4)(\sqrt{x} - 3) = 0 \text{ atau } x^2 - 25x + 144 = 0$ $x = 16 \quad x = 9$	1 1
	$\log_4 x + \frac{\log_4 3x}{\log_4 16} = -1$ $\log_4 x^2(3x) = -2$ $x = 0.2752$	1 1 1
15 (b)	$\log(1+0.08)^n > \log \frac{40}{3}$ $n > 33.66$ $n = 34$	1 1 1
		<b>8 m</b>